

SOCIAL WORK 2008

1. Which of the following is relevant to the subject matter of Social Work?
(A) Sociology and Anthropology
(B) Sociology and Law
(C) Sociology and Psychoanalytic Perspectives
(D) None of the Above
2. With whom would you associate the statement 'The basic objective of Sociology is to treat social facts as things' ?
(A) Auguste Comte
(B) Herbert Spencer
(C) Max Weber
(D) Emile Durkheim
3. Social Work as a discipline emerged out of which of the following events ?
(A) French revolution
(B) American revolution
(C) Industrial revolution
(D) Green revolution
4. Which of the following castes is the highest in the Varna hierarchy?
(A) Shudra
(B) Kshatriya
(C) Brahman
(D) All of the above
5. The increasing level of youth unrest ought to be addressed through which of the following forms of social intervention?
(A) Social Policies
(B) Community Work
(C) Political Will
(D) None of the above
6. Which of the following refers to civil religion ?
(A) To say prayers in Church
(B) To celebrate the religious festivals
(C) Salute to national flag
(D) All of the above
7. Which one of the following is relevant to 'Case Work'?
(A) Counselling
(B) Collection of data
(C) Observation
(D) Looking at personal problems of a client's history
8. Which of the following disciplines relates to "the study of human societies"?
(A) Social Work
(B) Political Science
(C) Anthropology

(D) Sociology

9. Child welfare involves providing social services to which of the following human groups?

- (A) Children
- (B) Children and mothers
- (C) Children and young
- (D) All of the above

10. With whose name would you associate 'Suicide'?

- (A) Talcott Parsons
- (B) Robert K. Merton
- (C) C. Wright Mills
- (D) Emile Durkheim

11. The shock absorber of the social change is :'

- (A) Family
- (B) Community
- (C) Society
- (D) None of the above

12. Who said, 'Sociology is the interpretative understanding of social action' ?

- (A) Emile Durkheim
- (B) Karl Marx
- (C) Robert K. Merton
- (D) Max Weber

13. When the wife dies the husband marries her unmarried sister. This type of marriage is called :

- (A) Polygyny
- (B) Monogamy
- (C) Sororate
- (D) All of the above

14 The 'No Smoking' sign expresses a :

- (A) Norm
- (B) Value
- (C) Folkway
- (D) All of the above

15 The fashion stands for:

- (A) Uniformity and identification
- (B) Cultural distinctiveness
- (C) Individuality and distinction
- (D) All of the above

16. With whom will you associate the statement 'Man is a Social Animal' ?

- (A) Plato
- (B) Hegel
- (C) Marx
- (D) Aristotle

17. Life expectancy is an index of:

- (A) Fecundity conditions

- (B) Fertility conditions
- (C) Mortality conditions
- (D) All of the above

18. Deviance is most often due to :

- (A) Lack of social control
- (B) Failure of socialization
- (C) Lack of family control
- (D) None of the above

19. Social security is a system provided by:

- (A) Society
- (B) Social institutions
- (C) State
- (D) None of the above

20. A boy's role as a student, as a son, a brother, a friend etc. constitutes:

- (A) Multiple role
- (B) Role model
- (C) Role conflict
- (D) All of the above

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21. Quantification of data is a typical feature of:

- (A) Participatory sociology
- (B) Observation
- (C) Interviews
- (D) Questionnaire method

22. Which of the following sociologists coined the term 'Sacred and Profane' ?

- (A) Max Weber
- (B) Talcott Parsons
- (C) Emile Durkheim
- (D) Auguste Comte

23. A teenage group is a best example of:

- (A) Tertiary group
- (B) Secondary group
- (C) Primary group
- (D) Peer group

24. A society is a network of:

- (A) Personal relationship
- (B) Inter-personal relationship
- (C) Formal relationship
- (D) All of the above

25. Which of the following is relevant to Ethnic Stratification?

- (A) Varna Stratification
- (B) Racial Stratification
- (C) Class Stratification

(D) All of the above

26. Acculturation is the process of:

- (A) Assimilation
- (B) Enculturation
- (C) Acquisition of different culture
- (D) None of the above

27. Community work is referred as a:

- (A) Scientific method
- (B) Method of social work
- (C) Participatory method
- (D) All of the above

28. Cultural drift means:

- (A) A planned change
- (B) Resistance to social change
- (C) Change which is unplanned
- (D) None of the above

29. Social Worker is a member of:

- (A) Statutory Voluntary agency
- (B) Association
- (C) Community
- (D) Organization

30. Magic was called as the bastard sister of science by :

- (A) Max Weber
- (B) McIver and Page
- (C) J. G. Frazer.
- (D) Emile Durkheim

31. Which of the following techniques is relevant for social worker to collect data about people living in a specific area?

- (A) Social statistics
- (B) Social survey
- (C) Case study
- (D) All of the above

32. Social Statistics is related to:

- (A) Qualitative social data
- (B) . Quantitative social data
- (C) Social survey
- (D) All of the above

33. Child Welfare as an area of social welfare is a field of:

- (A) Sociology
- (B) Anthropology
- (C) Social Work
- (D) None of the above

34. Sociology by its virtue is a discipline which is more:

- (A) Applied
- (B) Action-oriented
- (C) Interdisciplinary
- (D) All of the above

35. With whose name would you associate 'Field work' ?

- (A) Emile Durkheim
- (B) Karl Marx
- (C) W. H. Rivers
- (D) All of the above

36. An association is:

- (A) Group formed for the sake of personal interests
- (B) An aggregation of individuals for the pursuit of community interests
- (C) A group organized for the pursuit of interests
- (D) None of the above

37. Civil disobedience movement was launched by Mahatma Gandhi in which of the following years?

- (A) 1930
- (B) 1857
- (C) 1849
- (D) 1920

38. Social reproduction is a process which refers to : .

- (A) Socialization
- (B) Reproduction of social institutions and social structure
- (C) Community
- (D) All of the above

39. Which of the following is a universal feature of society ?

- (A) Community
- (B) Religion
- (C) Marriage
- (D) All of the above

40. Social Work is implying to: .

- (A) Welfare services to people
- (B) Voluntary bodies
- (C) Conflict affected
- (D) All of the above

41. Who wrote 'What is Sociology'?

- (A) Karl Marx
- (B) H. M. Johnson
- (C) McIver and Page
- (D) Alex Inkles

42. The Editor-in Chief of 'India Today' is":

- (A) AroonShori

- (B) Aroon Purie
- (C) Prabhu Chawla
- (D) Kaveree Bamzai

43. Which of the following is relevant to Sanskritization ?

- (A) Structural change
- (B) Positional change
- (C) Religio-cultural change
- (D) None of the above

44. Excessive incidence of crime could push the Kashmir society into a :

- (A) Pathological condition
- (B) Poverty condition
- (C) Social Deviance
- (D) None of the above

45. Which of the following is relevant to the process of Capitalism ?

- (A) Means of production are controlled by Govt.
- (B) The citizens do not have right to property
- (C) The form of economy in which the means of production are privately owned and privately controlled
- (D) All of the above

46. Which of the following is *not* relevant to India?

- (A) Religious Society
- (B) Communist Society
- (C) Secular Society
- (D) None of the Above

47. The state that monopolizes and controls all the agencies of propaganda is:

- (A) Democratic state
- (B) Totalitarian state
- (C) Dictatorial state
- (D). None of the above

48. Aatish Chinar is a book related to which of the following leaders?

- (A) Syed Mir Qasim
- (B) Bakshi Gulam Mohammad
- (C) Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah
- (D) None of the above

49. The abolition of Sati System was possible due to the efforts of:

- (A) Annie Besant
- (B) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- (C) Swami Vivekananda
- (D) All of the above

50. Which of the following is the largest spoken language of J & K?

- (A) Hindi
- (B) Dogri
- (C) Urdu

(D) Kashmiri

51. Which of the following states has been divided on the basis of language?

- (A) Madhya Pradesh
- (B) J&K
- (C) Uttar Pradesh
- (D) Punjab

52. With whose name would you associate 'Satyagrah'?

- (A) J. L. Nehru
- (B) Subash Chandra Bose
- (C) M. K. Gandhi
- (D) .None of the above

53. The 11th plan has been projected as:

- (A) Economic Plan
- (B) Nuclear and Energy Plan
- (C) Educational Plan
- (D) one of the Above

54. Benazir Bhutto was assassinated in which of the following cities?

- (A) Ladkana
- (B) Lahore
- (C) Peshawar
- (D) Rawal Pindi

55. Which *one* of the following is considered the architect of post independent India?

- (A) Gandhi
- (B) J. L. Nehru
- (C) Dr. Radhakrisnan
- (D) . Dr. Ambedkar Rao

56. Globalization has spread in world by virtue of:

- (A) Socio-Economic liberalization.
- (B) Increasing technology
- (C) Political liberalization
- (D) None of the above

57. Social Work is a child birth of:

- (A) Political Science
- (B) Economics
- (C) Sociology
- (D). None of the above

58. Suicide committed because of excessive social regulations is called:

- (A) Altruistic
- (B) Fatalistic
- (C) Egoistic
- (D) Anomie

59. With which term will you associate 'A process in which contacts between different cultural groups lead to acquisition of new cultural patterns?'

- (A) Acculturation
- (B) Enculturation
- (C) Assimilation
- (D) All of the above

60. Who amongst the following is the first person to mount the Mount Everest?

- (A) Arm Strong
- (B) John Abraham
- (C) Sir Edmund Hillary
- (D) None of the above

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1. Children of same parents are called:

- (a) Offspring
- (b) Cousins
- (c) Brothers
- (d) siblings

2. The study of different definitions of Sociology reveals that it is :

- (a) the 'science of society
- (b) a study of the forms of social relationships
- (c) a study of social relationships
- (d) all of the above

3. Change in social positions with regard to variations in occupations, prestige, income, wealth and social class is referred to as :

- (a) social change
- (b) internal mobility
- (c) social mobility
- (d) migration

4. Process of socialization starts :

- (a) after birth of the child
- (b) before the child is born
- (c) after getting maturity
- (d) in youth only and not earlier than that.

5. Social institutions exist and continue on account of :

- (a) differences
- (b) likeness
- (c) without care for differences
- (d) without care for likeness

6. In a community, members are supposed to primarily share

- (a) particular interests
- (b) common interests
- (c) few selected interests

(d) have no interest

7. Which of the following is *not* a familiar institution?

- (a) Marriage
- (b) Family
- (c) Variability of structure
- (d) Kinship of society

8. Assimilation means:

- (a) forcible cultural conversion
- (b) complete conversion of one culture in other
- (c) coming up two cultures just near each other
- (d) appreciation of two cultures

9. Social organisation and social groups:

- (a) are not different from each other
- (b) quite different from each other
- (c) are closely linked with each other
- (d) ~ always work in association with each other

10. Who has referred to role as the dynamic aspect of status?

- (a) MacIver
- (b) Ralph Linton
- (c) Merton
- (d) Cooley

11. The class distinction may *not* be

- (a) by virtue of one's birth
- (b) due to acquisition of wealth
- (c) due to one's position in one's occupation
- (d) due to expanding economy

12. In the primitive society, the basis of social classification was'

- (a) birth of a person
- (b) possession of wealth
- (c) political power
- (d) control over religion

13. Totem is a mystical tribal

- (a) plant
- (b) bird
- (c) tree
- (d) animal

14. Life in agrarian society was based on :

- (a) strict division of labour
- (b) division of unavowed labour
- (c) system in which there was no division of labour
- (d) iron law of wages.

15. One of the features of the industrial society is :

- (a) its homogeneity
- (b) specialisation of economy activity
- (c) low level of social mobilization
- (d) presence of community sentiment

16. Slums are :

- (a) homogeneous
- (b) culturally barren
- (c) large
- (d) peculiar

17. Megalopolis means

- (a) the primate city created by the merging of two cities
- (b) the city with a population of 10 million
- (c) the urbanised area created by merging of 2 metropolitan areas
- (d) 110neof these

18. One man marries one woman at a time is called:

- (a) companionate marriage
- (b) polygamy
- (c) monogamy
- (d) none of the above

19. The rule that restricts marriage to persons outside of specific groups is known as :

- (a) Exogamy
- (b) Levirate
- (c) Endogamy
- (d) Incest taboo

20. Trade unions grew in the

- (a) industrialized societies-
- (b) ruralised societies
- (c) primitive societies
- (d) illiterate societies

21. Who is known as 'Frontier Gandhi' ?

- (a) Rajiv Gandhi
- (b) Indira Gandhi
- (c) Gaffar Khan
- (d) Sardar Patel

22. Which of the states has lowest birth rate ? .

- (a) Kerala
- (b) Karnataka
- (c) Uttar Pradesh
- (d) West Bengal

23. Which of the following is the highest court of appeal in India ?

- (a) High Court
- (b) Sessions Court
- (c) President

(d) Supreme Court

24. The population census in India is carried out after every :

- (a) 10 years
- (b) 15 years
- (c) 5 years
- (d) 7 years

25. Walt Disney belongs to :

- (a) France
- (b) U.S.A.
- (c) Denmark
- (d) U.K

26. The Olympic flame was lit for the first time at the Olympics held in :

- (a) Berlin
- (b) Moscow
- (c) Rome
- (d) London

27. Followers of which religion 'Ahura Mazda' as their God ?

- (a) Hinduism
- (b) Shintuism
- (c) Zoroastrianism
- (d) Jainism

28. What is the science of the physical life of animals and plants called?

- (a) Psychiatry -
- (b) Astrophysics
- (c) Biology
- (d) Geology

29. Name the currency of Brazil.

- (a) Cruzeiro
- (b) Shilling
- (c) Ringgit
- (d) Yen

30.: Which is the Parliament of Iran ?

- (a) Diet
- (b) Majlis
- (c) Folketing .
- (d) None of the above

31. Al-Ahram is a newspaper published in :

- (a) Cairo
- (b) Moscow
- (c) Jakarta
- (d) ehran

32. When is 'Habitat Day' celebrated ?

- (a) October, 3
- (b) December, 4
- (c) February, 14
- (d) June, 5

33. Which of these is a water-borne disease?

- (a) Dysentery
- b) Bronchitis
- (c) Lung cancer
- (d) None of the above

34. The highest literacy rate in India is in :

- (a) J & K
- (b) Tamil Nadu
- (c) West Bengal
- (d) Kerala

35. Name the world's largest freshwater lake .

- (a) Wular lake
- (b) Lake Superior
- (c) Lake Titicaca
- (d) Baikal

36 Which is the world's most populated city

- a) London
- b) B) China
- c) C) Tokyo
- d) D) Delhi

37. Name the largest inland sea

- a) Red sea
- b) Mediterranean sea
- c) Caspian sae
- d) None of the above

38. The French revolution was in

- a) 1889
- b) 1789
- c) 1779
- d) 1800

39. M Ahmedinejad is the president of

- a) Iraq
- b) Iran
- c) Saudi Arabia
- d) Bangladesh

40. Which of the following was not found on primitive earth

- a) CH₄
- b) H₂O
- c) NH₃

d) O₂

41. The largest peninsula in the world .

- (a) Arabia
- (b) India
- (c) Australia
- (d) Denmark

42. The first newspaper in India was

- (a) Times of India
- (b) Gadar
- (c) Hickey's Bengal Gazette
- (d) Hindu

43. The headquarters of International Court of Justice is situated at

- (a) Bangkok
- (b) New York
- (c) The Hague
- (d) Geneva

44. Name the African country whose name is shared by a river.

- (a) Palau
- (b) auru
- (c) Algeria

45. Language in India is

- (a) English
- (b) Urdu
- (c) Hindi
- (d) Sanskrit

46. Where was 'Azad Hind Fauj' constituted?

- (a) Singapore
- (b) Myanmar
- (c) Japan
- (d) India

47. Who has the veto-power in the Security Council ?

- (a) Permanent members
- (b) All members
- (c) The President
- (d) None of the above

48. The newspaper 'Greater Kashmir' is published from

- (a) Srinagar
- (b) Jammu
- (c) Muzaffarabad
- (d) Mirpur

49. Oscar award is for:

- (a) Art
- (b) Literature

- (c) Cinema
- (d) Sports

50. Which of the following Indian Cricket Players after India-Pakistan ODI at Abu Dhabi became no. 1 ODI batsman in ICC ranking?

- (a) Rahul Dravid
 - (b) Yuvraj
 - (c) Sachin Tendulkar .
 - (d) M. S. Dhoni
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51. Riyadh is the capital of :

- (a) U.A.E.
- (b) Yemen
- (c) Saudi Arabia
- (d) Jordan

52. Who won the USOpen title for Mixed Doubles in New York in 2005 ?

- (a) Mahesh Bhupathi and Sania Mirza
- (b) Mahesh Bhupathi and Venus Williams
- (c) Mahesh Bhupathi and Mary Pierce
- (d) ~Mahesh Bhupathi and Daniela Hantuchova

53. Who was the first Indian who went to space?

- (a) R. N. Tagore
- (b) RaKesh Sharma
- (c) Neil Armstrong
- (d) Kalpana Chawla

54. Who is the first bowler in Test Cricket to claim 700 wickets ?

- (a) M. Muralitharan
- b)Anil Kumble
- c) Saqlain Mushtaq
- d) Shane Warne

55. Legal age for marriage for a boy in India is

- (a) 23 -years
- (b) 21 years
- (c) 18 years
- (d) 22 years

56. The official residence of the Pope is situated in :

- (a) Bethelhem
- (b) Jerusalem
- (c) Rome
- (d) None of the above

57. Judge of Supreme Court in India is appointed by :

- (a) . the President
- (b) the Prime Minister
- (c) the Chief Justice

(d) the people

58. The book entitled 'India Wins Freedom' is written by :

- (a) S. Radhakrishnan
- (b) Abul Kalam Azad
- (c) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (d) Rajendra Prasad

59. Population of J & K as per 2001 census is

- (a) One crore 30 thousand
- (b) One crore 40 thousand
- (c) One crore 20 thousand
- (d) One crore 70 thousand

60. Mr. Husni Mubarak is the President of :

- (a) Egypt
- (b) Sudan
- (c) Algeria
- (d) Libya